



être

Situations where 'to be' verbs are used:

- **Introducing**
"Je suis Pierre" "Elle est ma sœur".
- **Describing what someone is like physically or mentally.**
"Il est grand" "Elle est heureuse"
- **To talk about family or social relationships**
"C'est mon père" "Elle est mon amie" "Je suis sa femme"
- **To talk about what someone does for a living**
"Je suis professeur" "Il est médecin"
- **Indicate someone's nationality.**
"Je suis français" "Elle est japonaise"
- **To tell the time.**
"Il est trois heures" "Il est midi"
- **Address/phone number/email address:**
" mon numéro de téléphone est le 06.", "mon adresse mail est" "mon adresse est ..."



avoir

Situations where the verb 'to have' is used:

Possession: to talk about the things we own.

"J'ai un chat" "Il a une voiture"

Physical description: 'Have' is also used to describe body parts or physical characteristics.

"J'ai les cheveux bruns" "Elle a les yeux bleus"

Age: 'Have' is used to express age.

"J'ai vingt ans" "Il a cinquante ans"

Feelings and sensations: 'Have' is used to express how we feel.

"J'ai faim" "J'ai peur"

Family relationships: 'Have' is used to talk about family relationships.

"J'ai un frère" "Elle a deux sœurs"